

SUB-SAHARAN AFRICA LEAD MATRIX

COUNTRY	CURRENT STATUS		TUS	FUTURE PLAN	
	Leaded	Unleaded	Dual		
	only	only	system		
Angola		•		-attended 2001 Dakar Conference and SADC Sub-regional Workshop; had meeting in August 2004 to formulate action plan; starting to import unleaded as of December 2004; announced phase out in October 2005	
Benin		•		-national workshop held in July 2004 -importation of leaded petrol stopped in October 2004 and fully unleaded by December 2004	
Botswana		•		-depends on supply from South Africa thus will phase-out January 2006	
Burkina Faso		•		-attended 2001 Dakar Regional Conference and 2002 Dakar Subregional Workshop; government has set up a technical committee (CTESP) to implement action plans to phase out leaded gasoline; activities were to be launched by April 2002; fully unleaded in January 2005	
Burundi		•		-national workshop held in July 2004; imports from Kenya and Tanzania both are unleaded; set phase out date of December 2005	
Cameroon		•		- unleaded as of July 2004	
Cape Verde		•		- unleaded	
Central African Republic		•		-imports petrol solely from Cameroon	
Chad		•		-imports petrol from Cameroon officially and Nigeria	
Comoros				-no information available	
Congo (Brazzaville)		•		- unleaded in March 2005	
Democratic Republic of Congo		•		-attended 2001 Dakar Conference; held national level workshop on elimination of leaded gasoline in June 2002 -Govt issued a decree to phase out leaded gasoline in February 2005	
Côte d'Ivoire		•		-attended 2001 Dakar Conference and 2002 Dakar Subregional Workshop; government has started study and drafted various decrees on exhaust emissions, etc.; -phased out in January 2005 with refinery producing only unleaded	



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Diibouti		-interested in changing importation
Djibouti		-interested in changing importation structure but requires assistance; in
		contact with UNEP for technical
		assistance; committed to phase out in
		December 2005
Equatorial Guinea		-imports petrol from Cameroon and
Equatorial Guirlea		Gabon, switched over when Gabon
		phased out in October 2005
Eritrea	•	-fully unleaded as of January 2004
Ethiopia Gabon		-fully unleaded as of January 2004
Gabon	•	- started producing unleaded in October 2005
Chana		
Ghana		-fully unleaded as of January 2004
Guinea		-attended 2001 Dakar Conference;
	•	future plans unknown; will most likely
		phase out after all West African
Cuinos Dissau		refineries are unleaded in October 2005
Guinea-Bissau		-no information available; will most likely
		phase out after all West African refineries are unleaded in October 2005
V a muse		
Kenya		-phased out 1 December 2005;
	•	UNEP/PCFV/PIEA/NEMA conducted
		training for petrol attendants and a
Lagatha		public awareness campaign
Lesotho		-depends on supply from South Africa
	•	thus to result in phase-out by January
		2006; have made public announcement to switch to unleaded in December 2005
Liberia		-had national committee which was to
Liberia		
	•	prepare national action plan; will most likely phase out after all West African
		refineries are unleaded in October 2005
Madagascar		-attended 2001 Dakar Conference;
Madagascai	•	unleaded introduced in major cities;
		phased out in December 2005
Malawi		-officially announced phase out as of
Ividiavvi	•	February 2006; imports Mozambique
		which phased out in November 2005
Mali		-hosted March 2003 Technical Experts
Ividii		Meeting on Elimination of Leaded
	•	Gasoline; is working with World Bank on
		development of an Action Plan; phase
		out announced in October 2005
Mauritania	•	-fully unleaded as of January 2004
Mauritius	•	-fully unleaded as of 2003
Mozambique	•	- phased out in November 2005;
Namibia		-depends on supply from South Africa
Transla	•	thus will result in phase-out by January
	_	2006
Niger		-governments to change standards for
951	•	lead content in gasoline to 0.15 g/l in
	1	icad content in gasonic to 0.15 g/1 iii



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		December 2003 and 0 g/l by December
		2004; phase-out already as rely on Benin
		import storage facilities
Nigeria		-Nigeria National Petroleum Corporation
	•	to reduce lead content from 0.45g/l to
		0.15g/l in 2002 to lead-free in 2003
Réunion		-no information available
Rwanda		-phased out in December 2005 as
	•	imports through Kenya; UNEP/PCFV
		supporting a public awareness campaign
Sao Tome and Principe		-attended 2001 Dakar Conference; will
	•	follow Angola as imports solely from
		Angola
Sénégal		-decree issued in January 2002 provides
		that maximum lead content must be
	•	reduced from 0.8 g/l to 0.15 g/l in 2003
		and will be completely phased out by
		July 2005
Seychelles		-no information
Sierra Leone		-no information available; will most likely
		phase out after all West African
		refineries are unleaded in October 2005
Somalia		-attended Dakar+2; training programme
		for transitional government officials
		undertaken by UNEP in May 2005;
		government to liaise with private
		imported to import only unleaded; public
		sensitisation campaign planned; expects
		to phase out by December 2005
South Africa		-total phase-out of leaded petrol planned
		for 1 st January 2006
Sudan	•	-fully unleaded
Swaziland		-depends on supply from South Africa
	•	thus to result in phase-out of leaded
		petrol by January 2006
Tanzania		-national workshops to develop an action
		plan held in June 2003 and September
		2004; stopped importing leaded petrol as
		of 31 October 2004; UNEP/PCFV
		supporting a public awareness campaign
The Gambia		-attended 2001 Dakar Conference and
		Dakar+2 in Nairobi; Worksop held in
		March 2005; to phase out in July 2005
Togo		-governments to change standards for
		lead content in gasoline to 0.15 g/l in
	 	December 2003; phased out in July 2005
Uganda		- UNEP and Partnership to support a
		regional and national workshops and
		public sensitisation; phased out in
		December 2005
Zambia		- completely phased out in March 2007.
		UNEP supported public awareness



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Zimbabwe	•	-attended 2001 Dakar Conference; Cabinet approved phase-out in
		September 2004; will synchronise with South Africa and Mozambique
Total: 49 countries		